# Hamas





**Hamas**, the Islamic resistance movement in Palestine. the definition.

It is an armed Palestinian Sunni Islamic jihadist movement resisting the Zionist occupation. It originated in Gaza City, Palestine, and then spread throughout the occupied territories. It is the largest Palestinian faction represented in the Palestinian Legislative Council for the last legislative elections in Palestine in 2006.

### Establishment:



Hamas announced in its first statement issued on December 14, 1987.

Its establishment was announced by Sheikh Ahmed Yassin after the Zionist truck accident, where seven cadres and senior leaders of Islamic advocacy work met: Ahmed Yassin, Ibrahim Al-Yazouri, Muhammad Shamaa (representatives of Gaza City), Abdel Fattah Dukhan (representative of the central region), and Abdel Aziz Al-Rantisi. (representative of Khan Yunis), Issa Al-Nashar (representative of the city of Rafah), and Salah Shehadeh (representative of the northern region). This meeting was the beginning of the launch of the movement and the beginning of the first spark of Islamic mass action against the Zionist occupation.

## Approach:

Islam is the practical solution to the Palestinian issue, and it refuses to waste effort and time running after peaceful solutions and empty international conferences.

Do not believe in any presence of Jews in the land of Palestine, and do not recognize it at all.

Palestine is an Islamic endowment for the generations of Muslims until the Day of Resurrection. It is not permissible to give up all or part of it.

#### Achievements:

The military apparatus of the Hamas movement was able to manufacture missiles with a high explosive capacity, which they

used during the Gaza War (the Battle of Al-Furqan) in 2008 AD. In the Battle of the Shale Stones, the Al-Qassam Brigades bombed, for the first time, the occupied city of Jerusalem and Tel Aviv with a home-made missile called the M75, and in the battle Al-Asaf demonstrated more of its developments, such as the R-160 missile, whose range reached deep into Israel to Haifa and Nahariya.

## The first thing Hamas did:

They launched the valiant intifada, which was called the Stone Revolution, on December 8, 1987, and provided hundreds of martyrs and prisoners. The movement says that it will not stop its revolution until Palestine is liberated from the abomination of the Jews.

## Among its most prominent leaders:

• Sheikh Ahmed Yassin, the crippled sheikh who revived the nation, and the founder of the movement.



- Ismail Abu Shanab.
- · Abdul Aziz Al-Rantisi.
- · Salah Shehada.
- Ibrahim Al-Maqadma.
- Khaled Mishal.
- Ismail Haniyeh.
- · Said Siam.
- · Khalil Al-Quqa.
- Mahmoud Al-Zahar.
- · Khalil Al-Hayya.
- Yahya Al-Sanwar.
- Musa Abu Marzouk.
- Umm Nidal, nicknamed the Khansa of Palestine, mother of the martyr Muhammad Farhat and his brothers Martyr leaders.
- Ahmed Al-Jaabari, the second man in the Al-Qassam Brigades, was assassinated by Israel.
- Muhammad Abu Shamala was assassinated by Israel.
- Salah Shehadeh, the first commander-in-chief, was assassinated by Israel.
- Yasser Al-Namrouti, commander of the southern region, was assassinated by Israel in Gaza City in 1992.
- Jamil Wadi, commander of Selected Unit No. 7, was martyred in a clash with the occupation forces in 1993.
- Adnan al-Ghoul was assassinated by Israel in 2004.

- Yahya Ayyash was assassinated by Israel in 1996.
- Imad Akl was assassinated by Israel in 1993.
- Professor Dr. Nizar Rayan was assassinated by Israel in 2009.
- Mahmoud Al-Mabhouh was assassinated by Israel in 2010.
- Raed Al-Attar was assassinated by Israel in 2014.



To this day, they are still presenting martyrs.